Systems on Chips Personal computers or correct performance?

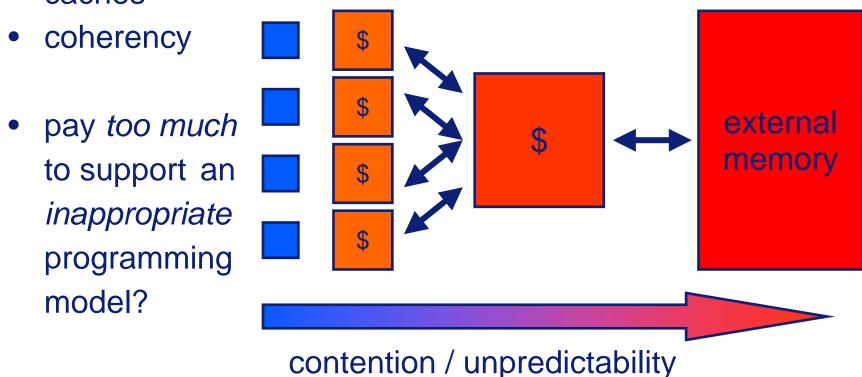
Kees Goossens Philips Research

trends

- heterogeneous computation
 - processing speed increases
- communication
 - latency increases
 - throughput increases
- storage
 - memory capacity (speed) doesn't increase
 - number of external memories (1) doesn't increase

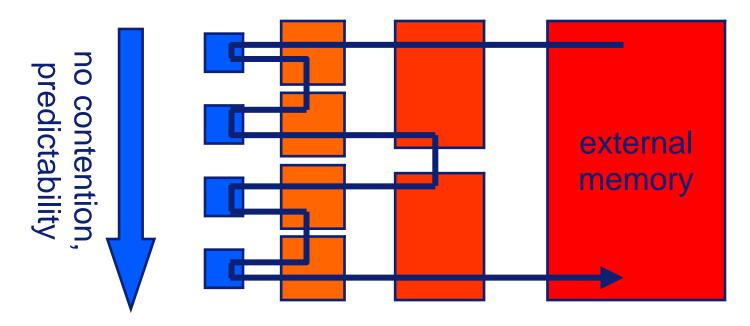
CE as a PC (personal computer)?

- borrow from general-purpose computing domain
- average case
- caches



CE as PC (performance correct)?

- robust real-time performance
- no caches, no coherency?
- set up (virtual) pipelines
 - local computation, storage, communication



ingredients

- resource management
 - manage raw / gross resource capacity
- to offer guaranteed services
 - guaranteed nett / user resource capacity
- together gives virtualisation
 - virtual wire, virtual cpu, memory virtualisation
 - isolation, robustness, sandboxing / legacy, management
- quality of service & application manager
 - mapping of virtual pipelines / task graphs to service providers (resources)





















- resources offer gross services
 - e.g. bandwidth in terms of cycles / second
- resource manager offers nett services
 - e.g. useful user bits / second
 - with guaranteed performance





compute services

transfer services

storage services



asip









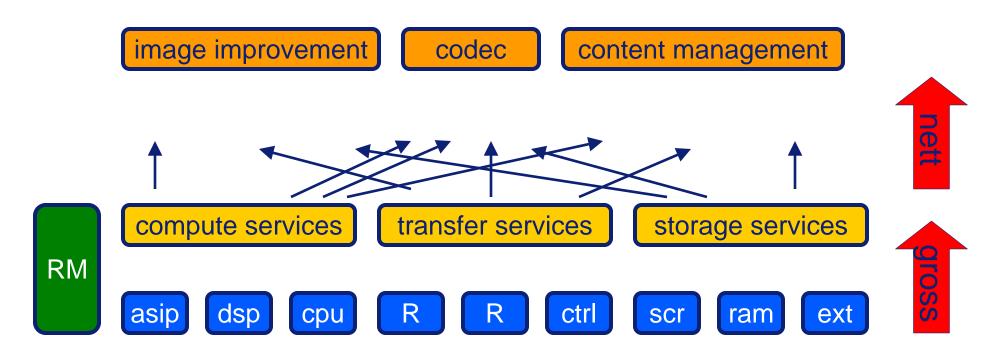




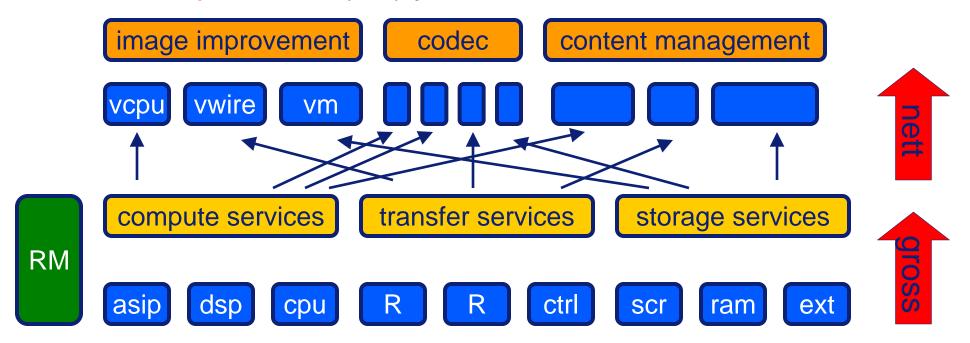


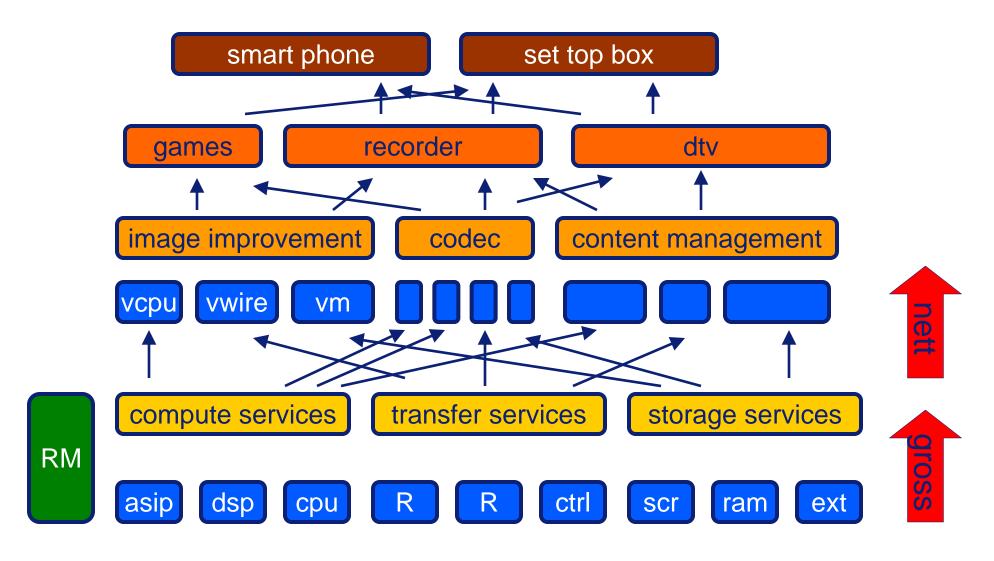


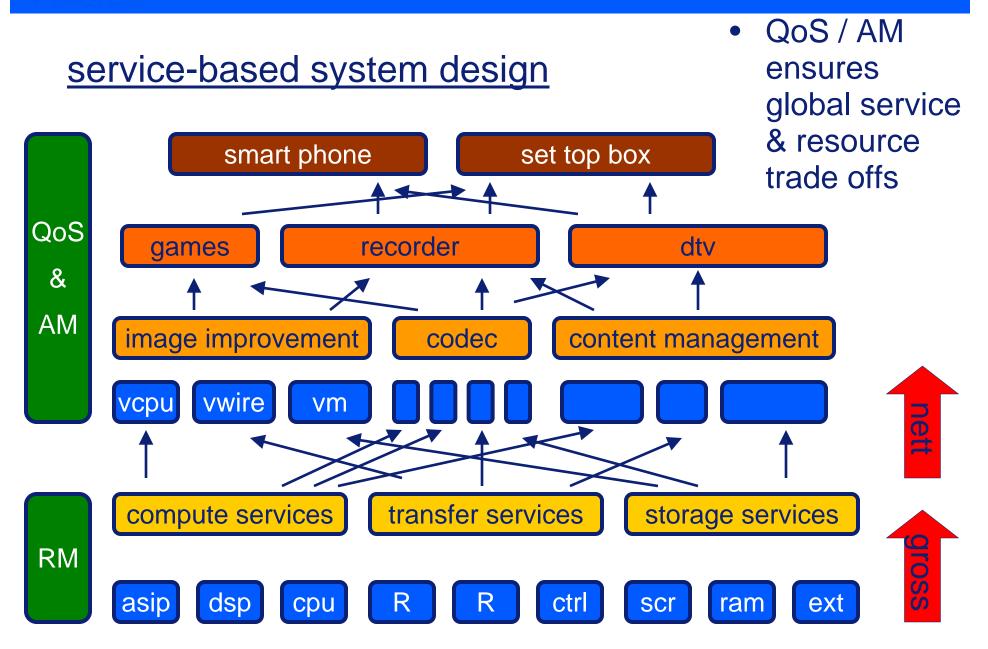
compose services to create higher-level services



- guaranteed services offer
 - virtualisation of resources & services
 - compositional (RT) performance

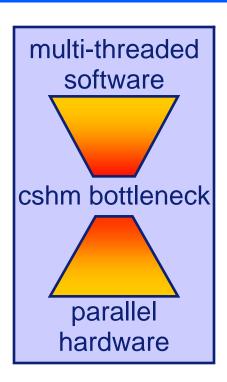


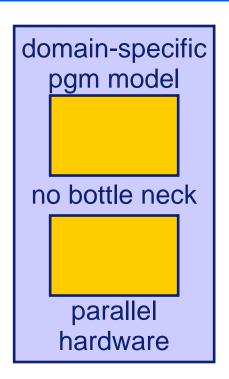




service abstraction

- "bare iron"
- device level
- resource level
- RTOS
- programmer's view
 - ((coherent) shared) memory abstraction
 - domain-specific
 - (rich) components
 - streaming
 - graphics / gaming





status

- communication / networks on chip
 - QoS is hot topic
- computation
 - renaissance of virtualisation
- communication
 - external memory
 - service-based view on memory organisation

