

TOSHIBA

Leading Innovation >>>

Novel Video and Image Processing beyond Commoditization

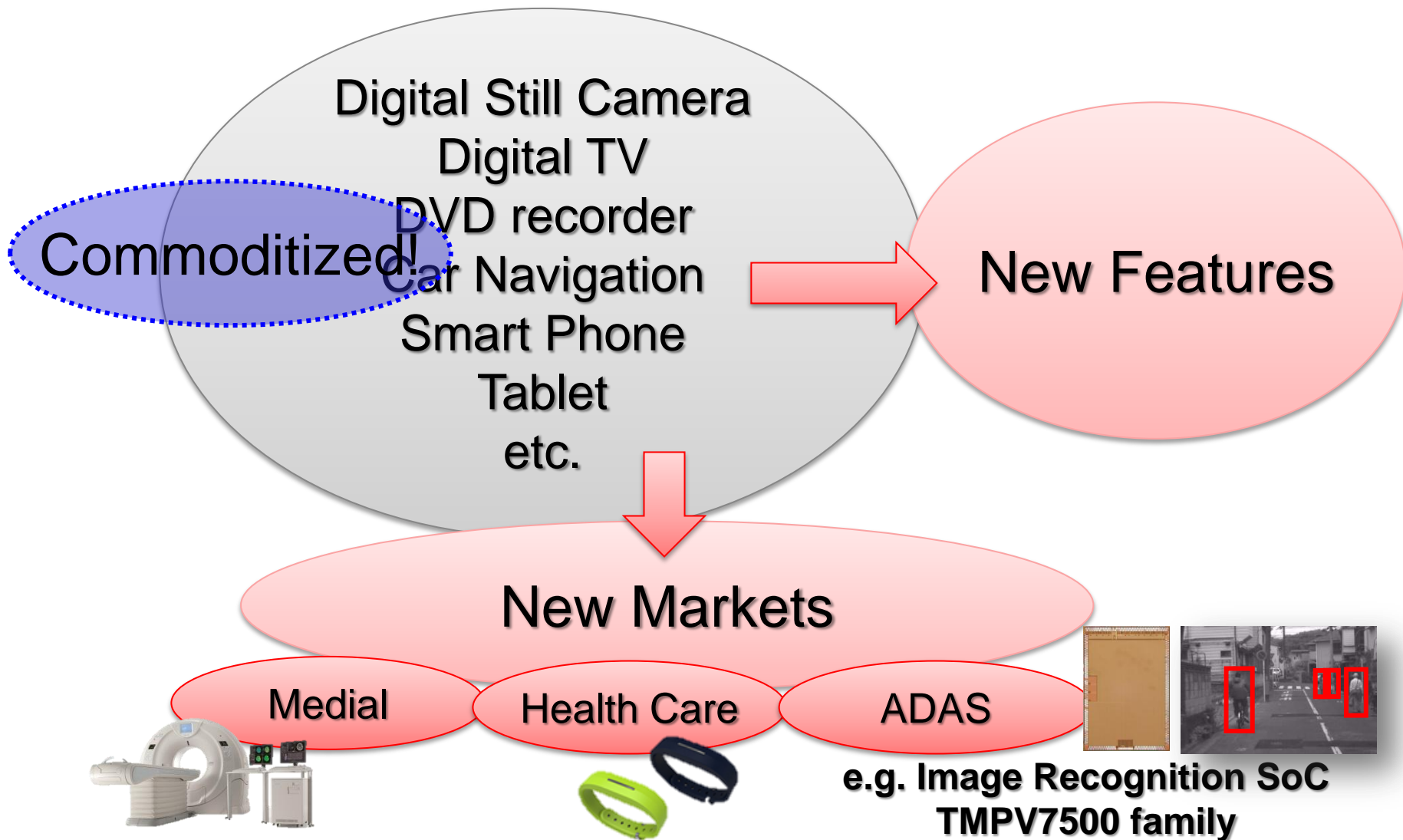
Takashi Miyamori, Senior Manager

Digital Media SoC Dept.

Center for Semiconductor Research & Development

Toshiba Corporation

Commoditization of Digital Media Products

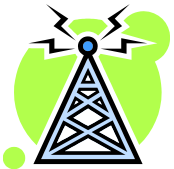
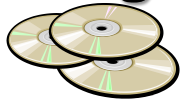


Video and Image Processing

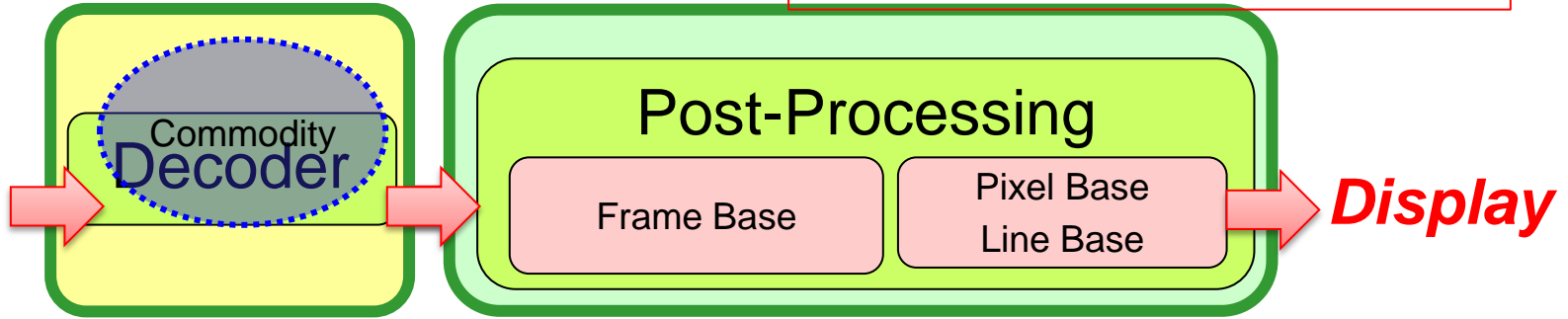
- Digital TV, Smart Phone, Tablet, etc.



① Frame Rate Converter



VoD

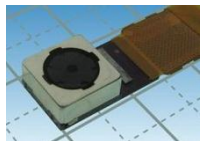


- Digital Still Camera, Camcorder, Smart Phone, Drive Recorder, ADAS, etc.

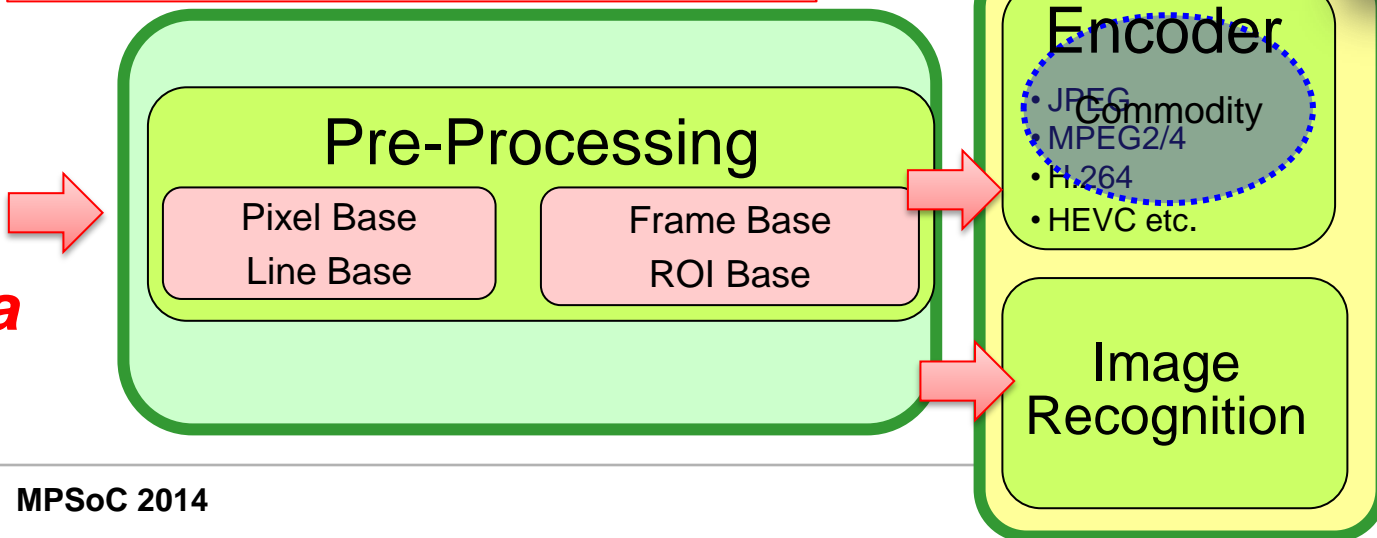


② Multi-View Camera Module

CMOS Image Sensor

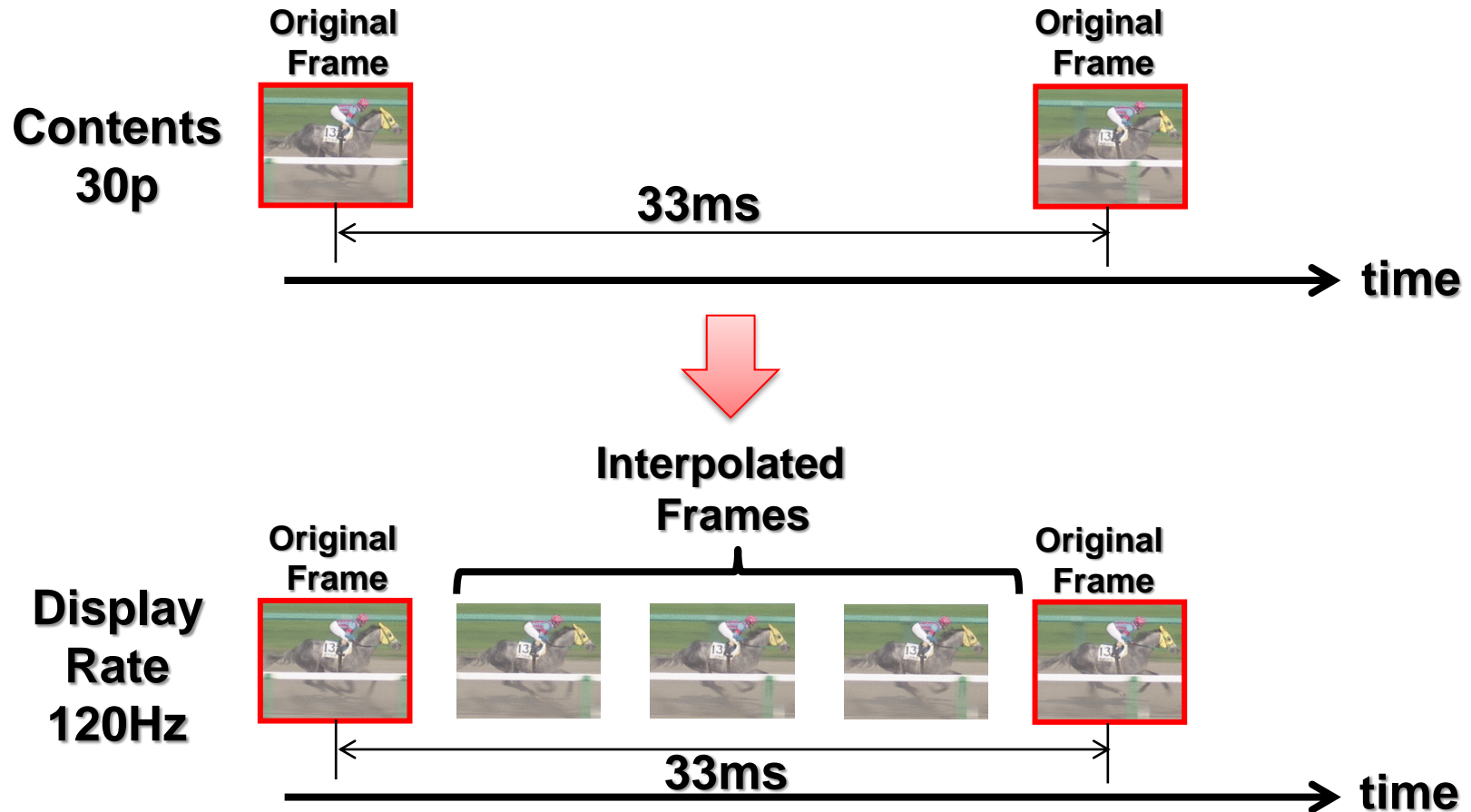


Camera



Frame Rate Conversion (FRC)

- Conventional Frame Rate Conversion for DTV



FRC for Slow Motion Movie

Original Video



Conventional Slow Motion FRC for Slow Motion



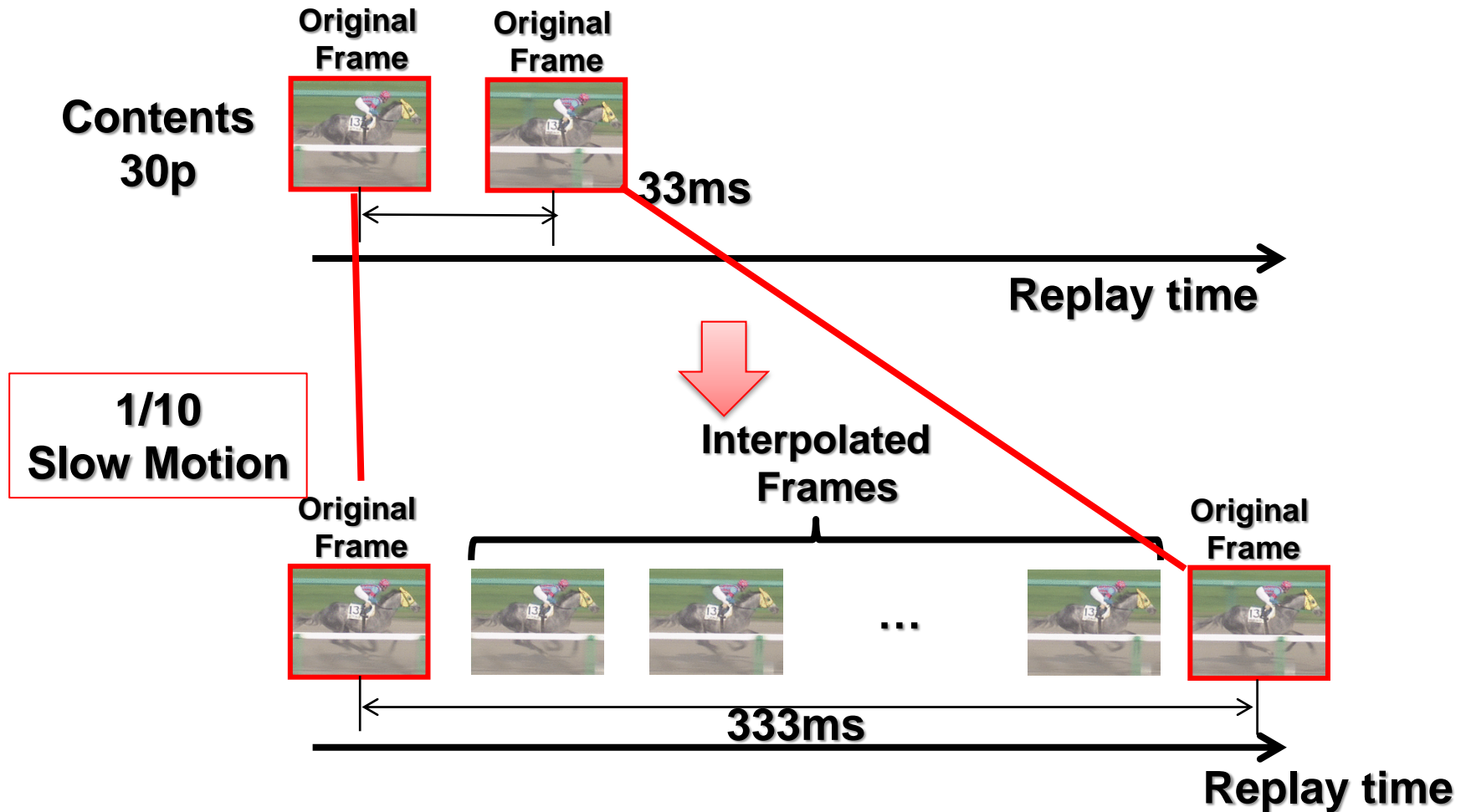
30-fps video
(displayed @ 10fps)

**1/10
slow**

30-fps video
(displayed @ 1fps)
Not smooth

300-fps video
(displayed @ 10fps)
Smooth

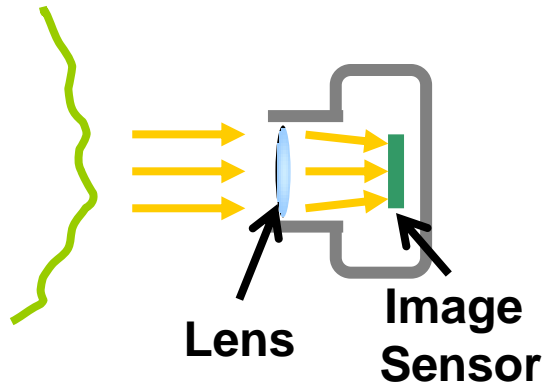
FRC for Slow Motion Movie



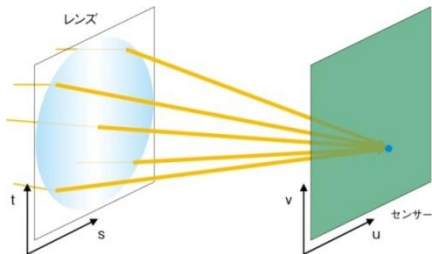
More accurate motion estimation is required.

Computational Camera

<Conventional Camera>



Lost information in image

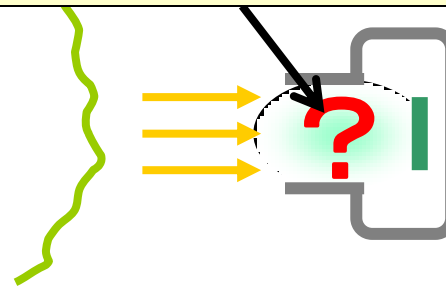


Lost the light field information because it has been integrated on the sensor

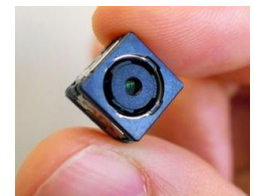
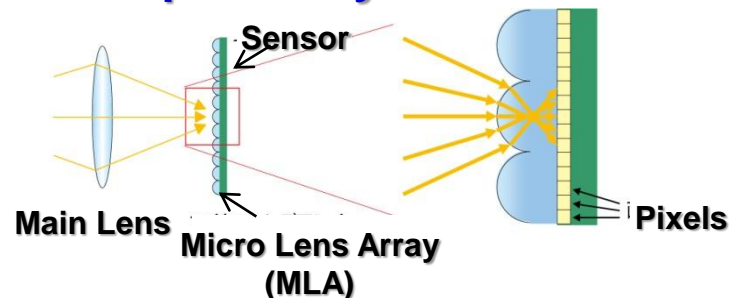
*) Light field: light direction in space

<Computational Camera>

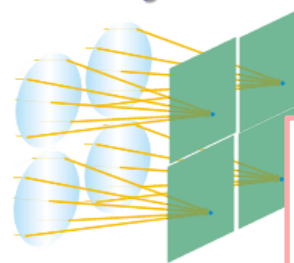
New camera hardware (e.g. lens, diaphragm, sensors, etc.) and digital signal processing



◆ Compound Eye Camera



◆ Array Camera



Captured different light direction using multi-camera



Multi-View Camera Press Release(Sep. 26th, 2013)

Two 1/4 inch 5M pixel 1.4 μm CMOS image sensors: TCM9518MD | Sensors | TOSHIBA Semiconductor & - Windows Internet Explorer

http://www.semicon.toshiba.co.jp/eng/product/new_products/sensor/1325631_37652.html

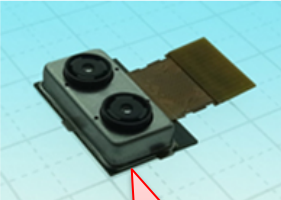
Home > Products > Sensors > New Products

Sensors

- CMOS Area Image Sensors
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- Magnetic Sensors
- New Products**
- Documents
- Recommended Products by Application
- News Release/Topics
- CMOS Image CIRCUS

Two 1/4 inch 5M pixel 1.4 μm CMOS image sensors: TCM9518MD

The TCM9518MD camera module incorporates two 1/4-inch 5M-pixel CMOS image sensors, making it suitable for smartphone and tablet PC applications. The distance between the camera and objects can be calculated by using the TCM9518MD in combination with a dedicated companion LSI. As a result, distance information can be provided as depth data, which allows you to create new features together with application software. For example, it is possible to realize a focus adjustment feature and objects extraction after images are captured. The resolution enhancement feature available with the companion LSI makes it possible to improve the output resolution to approximately the same level as 13M-pixel smartphone cameras. As a result, it is possible to realize smartphones that are thinner than those with a 13M-pixel camera but offer comparable resolution.



Camera Module with two 5Mp CISs

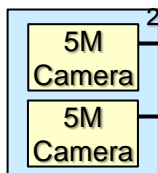
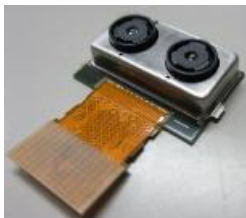
Features (Module + Companion LSI)

- Applications**
 - Mobile phones and Smart phones
 - PCs and tablet PCs
- Specifications**
 - Optical format: 1/4
 - Pixel size: 1.4 μm \times 1.4 μm
 - Effective pixels: 2596 (H) \times 1948 (V) \times 2

ローカルイントラネット | 保護モード: 無効 | 115%

Array Camera Module and Companion ASIC

**5Mx2 Camera Module
TCM9518MD**



5Mp Image



13M Image



VGA Depth



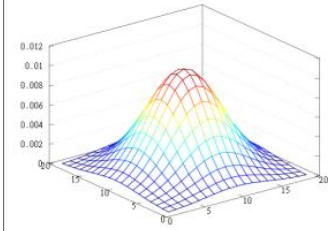
<Spec. of Companion ASIC>

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Process | 40nm CMOS |
| Package Size | 6mm x 6mm |
| Input | 5M pix. x 2 ch. |
| Output | 13M pix (Digital Focus, Deep Focus) + VGA depth map |
| I/Os | MIPI CSI2 2-lane x 2 (In), MIPI CSI2 4-lane x 1 (Out), I ² C |

- Two 5Mp (1.4um) and companion ASIC
- 13M high resolution image output and VGA depth map output at 24fps
- Fast digital auto-focus feature without mechanical VCM
- Low height: 4.65mm

Refocus Processing using Depth Information

Point Spread Function(PSF)

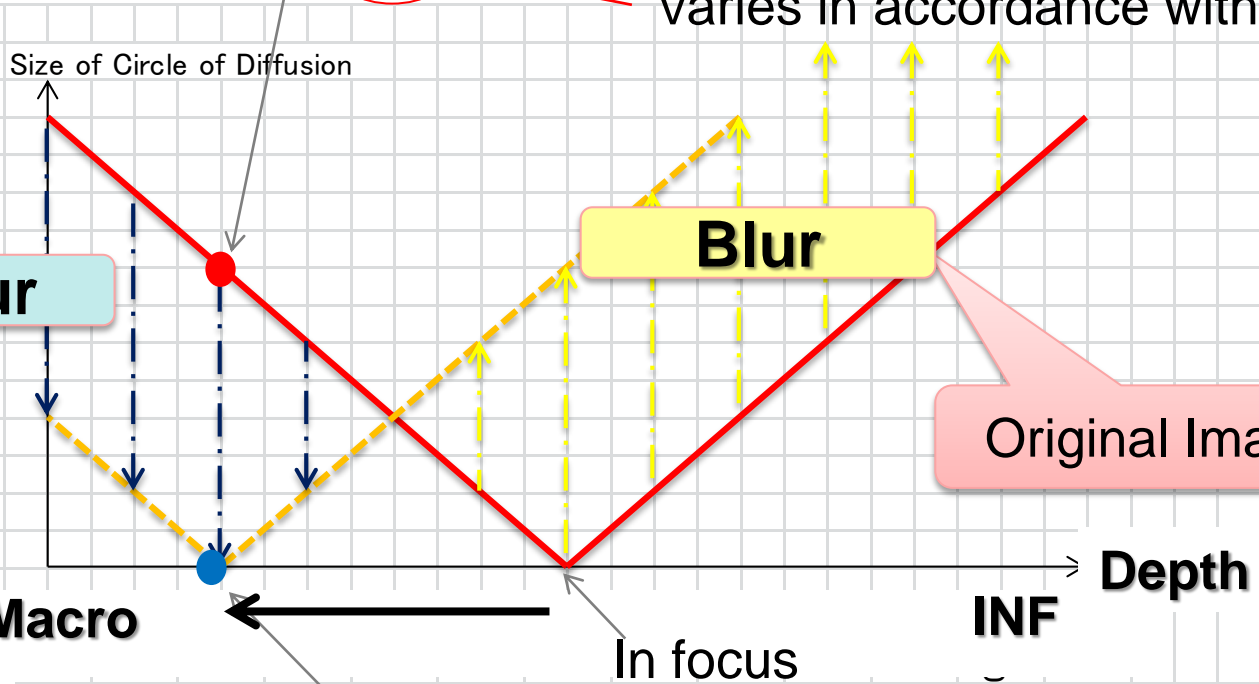


Large Bokeh

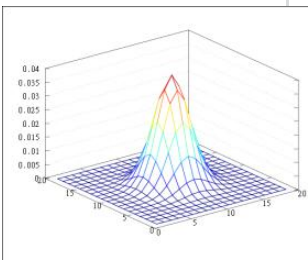
$$I(x) = K_{r(x)} \otimes I_0(x)$$

Image w/o Bokeh

Varies in accordance with Depth



Small Bokeh

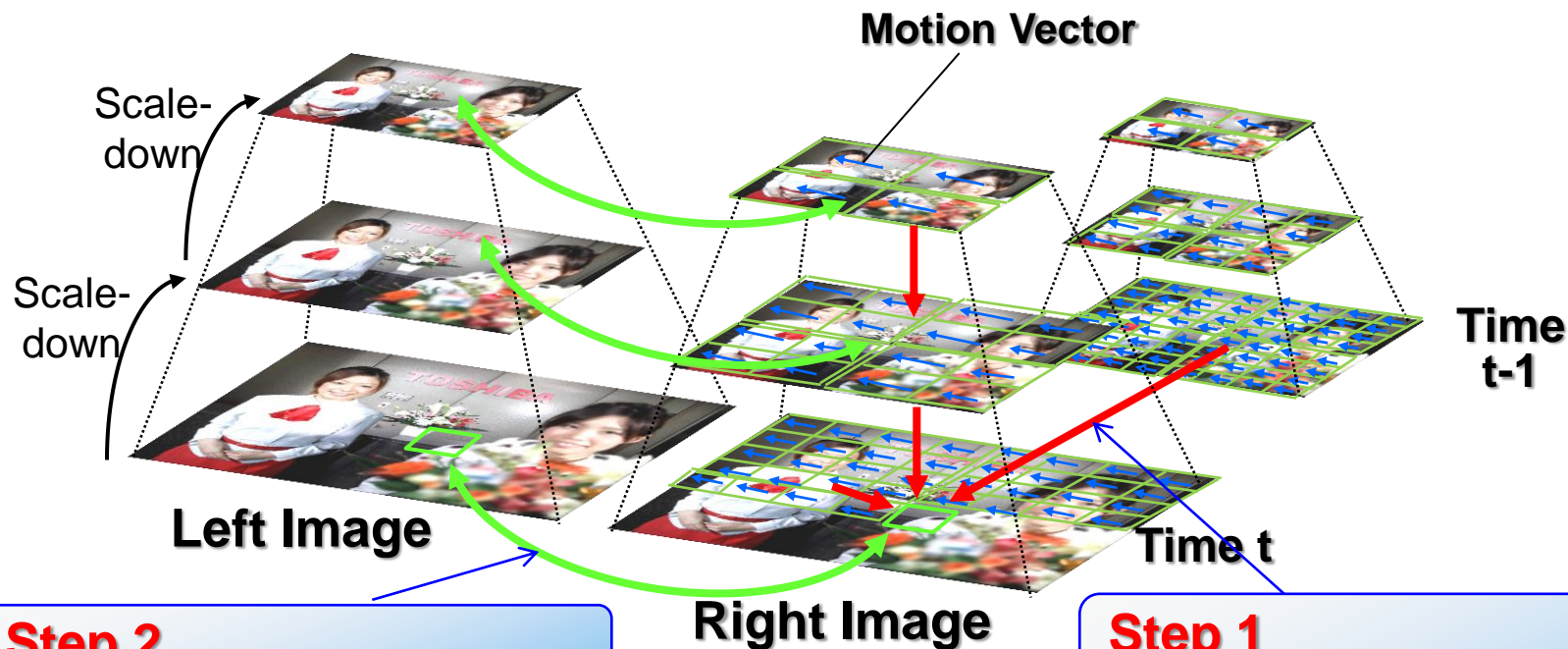


$$I_0(x) = G_{r(x)} \otimes I(x)$$

Inversed Filter of PSF

4D Recursive Search

Takuma Yamamoto, et. al, "High-Accuracy Motion Estimation with 4-D Recursive Search Block Matching," GCCE, 2012



Step 2

Search the corresponding point from the copied motion vectors

Step 1

- Copy motion vectors from:
- Right side in the same layer
 - Upper layer
 - Previous frame

4D = 3D (2D + hierarchical search) + time

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Image Recognition SoC Family Roadmap

